SSB 5972 - H COMM AMD

By Committee on Agriculture & Natural Resources

ADOPTED AS AMENDED 03/01/2024

1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 2 following:

3 "<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1. (1) The legislature finds that 4 pollinators, including bees, butterflies, and birds, play a critical 5 role in sustaining biodiversity and ecosystem health. The legislature 6 further finds that pollinators are vital to agricultural production 7 in the state and that approximately 35 percent of food crops depend 8 upon pollinators.

(2) The legislature finds that neonicotinoids are the most widely 9 used pesticides in the world. Neonicotinoids are less toxic to 10 11 mammals and vertebrates than older insecticides and have beneficial 12 uses such as those associated with pet care and veterinary treatment, personal care, indoor pest control, wood preservation, and structural 13 14 insulation. However, neonicotinoids can be toxic to pollinators and misapplication of neonicotinoids contributes to bee colony collapse 15 and the decline of pollinator species. The legislature intends to 16 17 protect pollinators by restricting the use of neonicotinoids and 18 supporting consumer education so that people do not inadvertently apply neonicotinoids in ways that are harmful to pollinators. 19

20 The legislature recognizes that agricultural production (3) 21 depends on reliable pest management and allows applications of 22 neonicotinoids for agricultural production. Products designed to 23 control pests in home gardens and landscapes that contain 24 neonicotinoids should also be limited to applications that do not 25 harm pollinators. Understandable information about the impact of 26 products designed to manage pests in home gardens and landscapes on 27 pollinators should be provided to customers. Private and nonprofit 28 organizations engaged in public outreach and education regarding the 29 role of pollinators and pollinator health are important partners in 30 consumer education.

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NEW SECTION.Sec. 2.A new section is added to chapter 15.58RCW to read as follows:

3 (1) Beginning January 1, 2026, a person may not use neonicotinoid 4 pesticides on nonproduction outdoor ornamental plants, trees, and 5 turf in this state, unless the application is made as part of a 6 licensed application, a tree injection, or during the production of 7 an agricultural commodity.

8 (2) The director, upon identification of an urgent pest threat, 9 may authorize the sale, possession, or use of neonicotinoid 10 pesticides that are restricted under subsection (1) of this section 11 by written order. The director must make reasonable efforts to inform 12 the public of the urgent pest threat identified. The written order 13 must include:

14 (a) The urgent pest threat identified;

15 (b) The neonicotinoid pesticide to be used in addressing the 16 urgent pest threat;

17 (c) All other less harmful pesticides or pest management 18 practices considered that were not deemed to be effective in 19 addressing the urgent pest threat;

20 (d) The geographic scope of the written order; and

21 (e) The duration that the order is in effect, not to exceed one 22 year.

(3) By June 30, 2025, and every four years thereafter, the department shall review and update rules under RCW 15.58.040 to administer and enforce this chapter as those rules relate to neonicotinoid pesticides.

(4) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout thissection unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

29 (a) "Agricultural commodity" means any plant, or part of a plant, animal, or animal product, produced by farmers, ranchers, 30 or 31 vineyardists, plant propagators, Christmas tree growers, 32 aquaculturists, floriculturists, orchardists, foresters, or other persons primarily for sale, consumption, propagation, or other use by 33 people or animals. 34

35 (b) "Neonicotinoid pesticide" means any pesticide containing a 36 chemical belonging to the neonicotinoid class of chemicals including, 37 but not limited to, acetamiprid, clothianidin, dinotefuran, 38 imidacloprid, nitenpyram, nithiazine, thiacloprid, thiamethoxam, or 39 any other chemical designated by the department as belonging to the 40 neonicotinoid class of chemicals.

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1 (c) "Urgent pest threat" means an occurrence of a pest that 2 presents a significant risk of harm or injury to the environment or 3 human health or significant harm, injury, or loss to agricultural 4 crops including, but not limited to, an invasive species as defined 5 in chapter 77.135 RCW."

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Correct the title.

<u>EFFECT:</u> (1) Prohibits a person from using neonicotinoid pesticides on nonproduction outdoor ornamental plants, trees, and turf, beginning January 1, 2026, unless the application is made as part of a licensed application, a tree injection, or during the production of an agricultural commodity.

(2) Allows the director of the Washington state department of agriculture (WSDA) to authorize the use of neonicotinoid pesticides upon identification of an urgent pest threat.

(3) Requires the WSDA to review and update rules related to neonicotinoid pesticides by June 30, 2025, and every four years thereafter.

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